

A license of canned software is subject to Retailers' Occupation Tax liability if all of the criteria set out in 86 Ill. Adm. Code 130.1935(a)(1) are not met. (This is a GIL.)

May 21, 2007

Dear Xxxxx:

This letter is in response to your letter dated August 23, 2006, in which you request information. We apologize for the delay in responding to your inquiry. The Department issues two types of letter rulings. Private Letter Rulings ("PLRs") are issued by the Department in response to specific taxpayer inquiries concerning the application of a tax statute or rule to a particular fact situation. A PLR is binding on the Department, but only as to the taxpayer who is the subject of the request for ruling and only to the extent the facts recited in the PLR are correct and complete. Persons seeking PLRs must comply with the procedures for PLRs found in the Department's regulations at 2 Ill. Adm. Code 1200.110. The purpose of a General Information Letter ("GIL") is to direct taxpayers to Department regulations or other sources of information regarding the topic about which they have inquired. A GIL is not a statement of Department policy and is not binding on the Department. See 2 Ill. Adm. Code 1200.120. You may access our website at [www.tax.illinois.gov](http://www.tax.illinois.gov) to review regulations, letter rulings and other types of information relevant to your inquiry.

The nature of your inquiry and the information you have provided require that we respond with a GIL. In your letter you have stated and made inquiry as follows:

ABC is a computer reseller. ABC sold XYZ license agreements to our customer. Our customer received the licenses via email directly from XYZ. Tax was assessed on these orders. We asked the customer to provide us the information from Title 86 Part 130.1935 (Computer Software), section 1 points A-E. The customer advised their licensing was 100% electronic as they do not have a physical master agreement with XYZ. Please see the attached XYZ Open License Value Agreement we received from the customer and advise what would be acceptable to meet point A in the regulation (it is evidenced by a written agreement signed by the licensor and the customer). Could the customer sign these agreements and use these to meet point A? Please advise what the next step would be. Thank you.

#### **DEPARTMENT'S RESPONSE:**

Generally, sales of "canned" computer software are taxable retail sales in Illinois. Sales of canned software are taxable regardless of the means of delivery. For instance, the transfer or sale of canned computer software downloaded electronically would be taxable. However, if the computer software consists of custom computer programs, then the sales of such software may not be taxable retail sales. See 86 Ill. Adm. Code 130.1935(c). Custom computer programs or software must be prepared to the special order of the customer.

Charges for updates of canned software are fully taxable pursuant to Section 130.1935. If the updates qualify as custom software under Section 130.1935(c), they may not be taxable. But, if maintenance agreements provide for updates of canned software, and the charges for those updates are not separately stated and taxed, then the whole agreements would be taxable as sales of canned software.

If transactions for the licensing of computer software meet all of the criteria provided in subsection (a)(1) of Section 130.1935, neither the transfer of the software nor the subsequent software updates will be subject to Retailers' Occupation Tax. A license of software is not a taxable retail sale if:

- A) It is evidenced by a written agreement signed by the licensor and the customer;
- B) It restricts the customer's duplication and use of the software;
- C) It prohibits the customer from licensing, sublicensing or transferring the software to a third party (except to a related party) without the permission and continued control of the licensor;
- D) The licensor has a policy of providing another copy at minimal or no charge if the customer loses or damages the software, or permitting the licensee to make and keep an archival copy, and such policy is either stated in the license agreement, supported by the licensor's books and records, or supported by a notarized statement made under penalties of perjury by the licensor; and
- E) The customer must destroy or return all copies of the software to the licensor at the end of the license period. This provision is deemed to be met, in the case of a perpetual license, without being set forth in the license agreement.

A license of canned software is subject to Retailers' Occupation Tax liability if all of the criteria set out in 86 Ill. Adm. Code 130.1935(a)(1) are not met.

If the agreement for the licensing is enforceable without the written signature of the licensor and the customer, then we believe that the signing of the Agreement Profile or Purchase Order attached to your letter would not meet the requirements of 86 Ill. Adm. Code 130.1935(a)(1)(A).

I hope this information is helpful. If you require additional information, please visit our website at [www.tax.illinois.gov](http://www.tax.illinois.gov) or contact the Department's Taxpayer Information Division at (217) 782-3336. If you are not under audit and you wish to obtain a binding PLR regarding your factual situation, please submit a request conforming to the requirements of 2 Ill. Adm. Code 1200.110 (b).

Very truly yours,

Terry D. Charlton  
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TDC:msk